



## Research and Innovation for Germany

## The High-Tech Strategy 2020 for Germany

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Boosting Competitiveness by Connecting Science and Industry: Insights from Germany's Innovation Model - Washington -October 18, 2011





## Three factors will influence the success of German Innovation Policy

An accelerating international innovation competition demands a coherent, dynamic innovation policy. German **Hightech-Strategy** is the right answer.

International comparisons show that different innovation strategies can lead to success. Germany is putting emphasis on its innovative "Mittelstand" (SME), system integration and strong cooperation between industry and research.

We need smart specialization, but also **strong international cooperation in** innovation policy. We need intensified **exchange** of innovation strategies and new approaches to address **global challenges.** 





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### **Current dynamics:**

- Emerging innovation regions in BRIC-countries (indicators: R&D expenditure, citation indexes, patents, market success)
- Global economic balance is changing in favor of these regions
- This means more competition for the US and Europe
- The demand for coherent and strategic innovation policy is rising

### **Hightech-Strategy is the right answer for Germany:**

- Priority for innovation, holistic approach, more financial resources, new measures
- Strong support for this strategy by leading innovation experts like EFI or recent "Innovation Report" of Telekom-Foundation
- Prove of competitiveness in recent global economic crisis





## OBJECTIVES OF THE HIGH -TECH STRATEGY

Establish

LEAD SUPPLIERS

Create

LEAD MARKETS

Improve FRAMEWORK CONDITIONS

CROSS-TECHNOLOGY initiatives:
Strengthen cooperation between
BUSINESS and SCIENCE

- → Resetting priorities
- → Creating prerequisites
- → Key technologies as a foundation

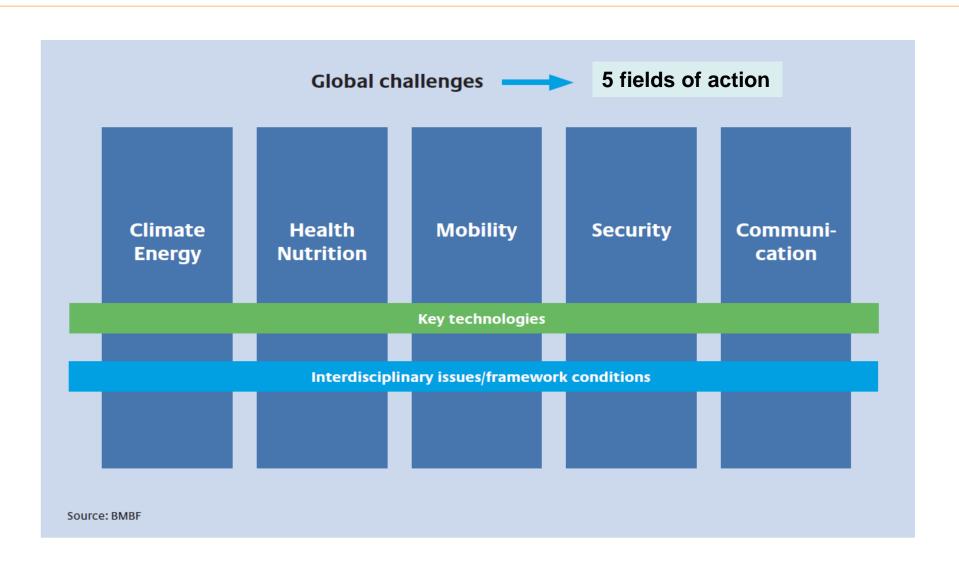
- → Leading-edge cluster competition
- → Innovation alliances
- → Validation
- → SMEs

- → Funding of innovation
- → Start-ups
- → Tax law
- → Public procurement





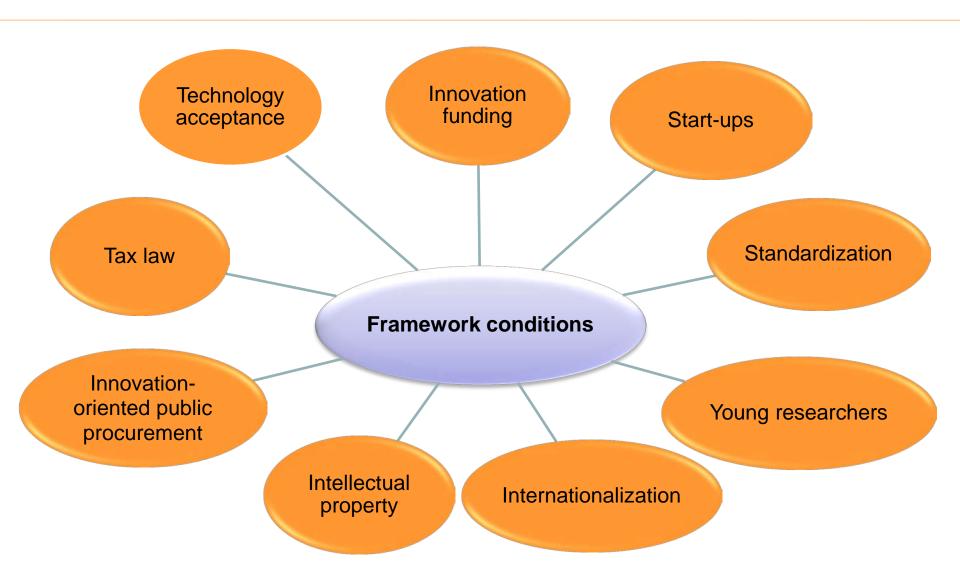
## The Five Fields of Action of the High-Tech Strategy







## Framework conditions promote or hamper innovation







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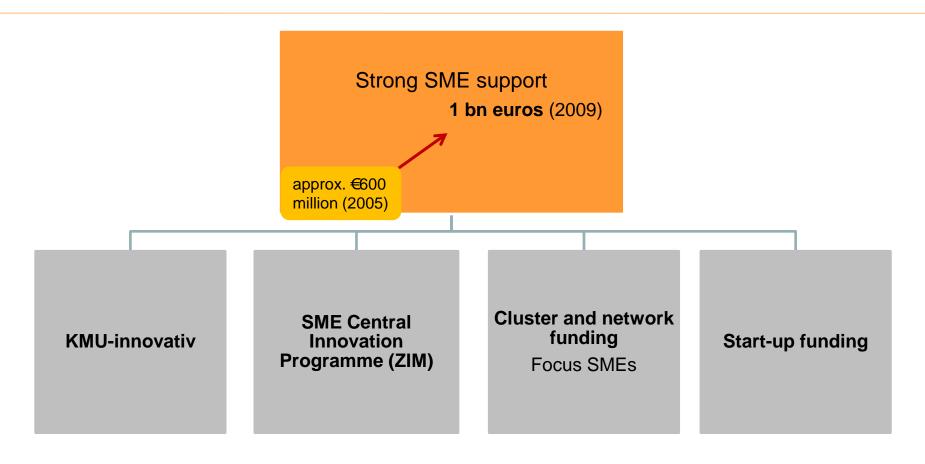
# The analysis of the last ITIF study "International Benchmarking of Countries' Policies and Programs Supporting SME Manufacturers" is confirmed by other experts:

- Strong innovative Mittelstand (SME)
  - Recent European evaluation in the context of "Small Business Act": Germany is leading in several innovation-oriented indicators with regards to SME
- System integration:
  - Ongoing "Innovation Dialogue" mentions system integration as the main strength of the German innovation system
- Close cooperation between industry and research:
  - DIW Study comparing German and US innovation system (in preparation) identifies this cooperative relationship as a major advantage of Germany





### **SMEs at the Focus of Innovation Policy**



In addition, the participation of SME in technology oriented funding is in general considerably high (54% of total industry funding)





### System Integration is a success model for Germany

## Examples of industry specialization in innovation oriented system integration:

- Mechanical Engineering Sector: 15,2% of industrial gross value added
- Car Manufacturing Sector: 14,6% of industrial gross value added
- Renewable Energies / Medical Devices

## **Prerequisites:**

- Innovation orientation of market strategies
- Relevant home market ("lead market")
- Domestic supply chain orientation
- Intense cooperation between industry and research





### Cooperation between Industry and Science is a prerequisite for innovation success

## Public innovation strategy supports cooperation between industry and research by specific instruments

- Collaborative research funding
- Cluster Policy (Leading Edge Cluster Competition)
- New measure: Research Campus ("Forschungscamus")

## Prerequisites:

- Qualified workforce (technical universities / vocational training)
- Rich infrastructure of industry oriented research institutes (Fraunhofer Institutes/ Universities of Applied Sciences "Fachhochschulen")





We need smart specialization, but also **strong international cooperation in** innovation policy. We need intensified **exchange** of innovation strategies and new approaches to address **global challenges.** 

- The Hightech-Strategy has oriented the innovation policy towards global challenges.
- Core Projects ("Zukunftsprojekte") will address specific aspects with particular relevance for Germany.
- These core projects will cooperate with similar processes in other countries

### **Examples:**

CO<sup>2</sup> neutral, energyefficient and climateaddapted cities Living an independent life well into old age





### German – US Dialogue on Innovation Policy has to be continued

#### Last 12 Month:

Two conferences on Innovation Policy in Germany and the US

- Washington November 1st, 2010
- Berlin May 24-25, 2011

[by NAS and DIW, support by BMBF]

### **Today:**

Lunch Briefing on **Boosting Competitiveness by Connecting Science** and Industry: Insights from Germany's Innovation Model

Washington -October 18, 2011
 [by ITIF, German Embassy , GCRI]

**Next Year: ?** 





## Thank you for your attention

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